



Linking Glycoscience and  
health longevity

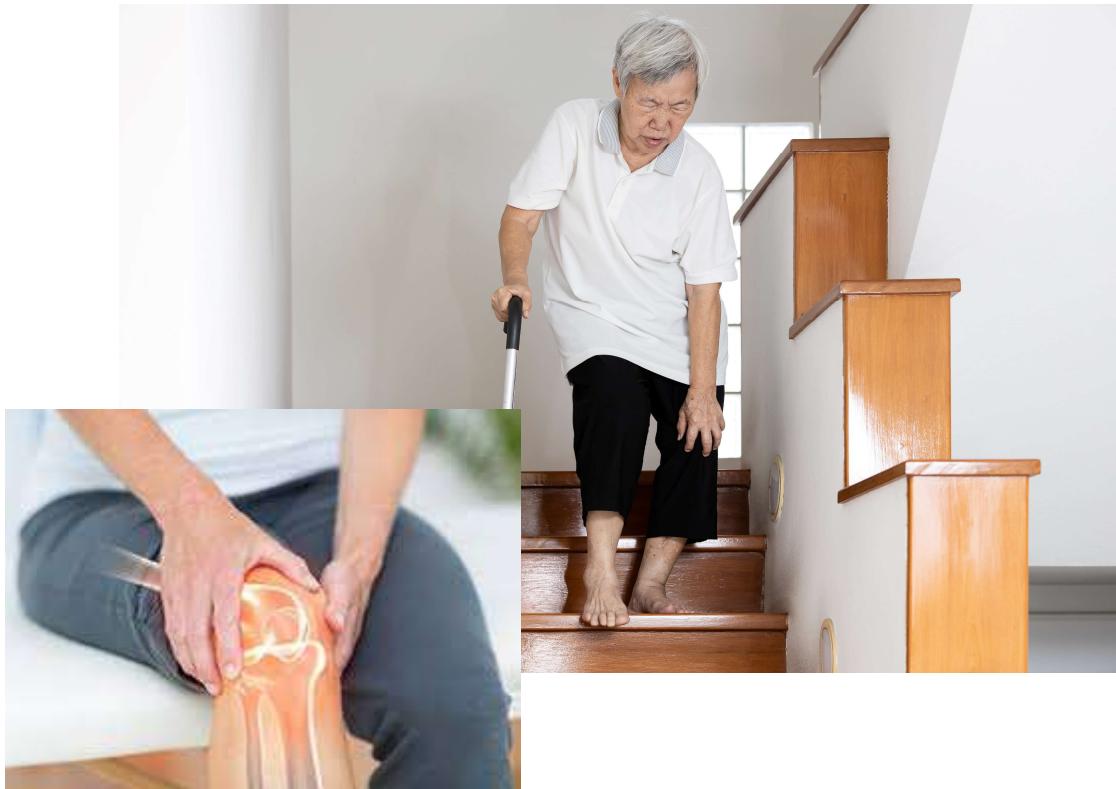
**MARUKYOU BIO FOODS Co.**

# **Nano Type Chondroitin**

# **Locomotive Syndrome Improvement**

# What is locomotive syndrome?

Locomotive syndrome is a decline in motor function due to aging or other causes. Especially common are cases in which knee pain interferes with walking, standing, and sitting.



Osteoarthritis of the knee, a typical condition in which the articular cartilage wears down and lubrication is lost, causing pain, is more common in the elderly.

# What is locomotive syndrome?

Inflammation of cartilage tissue further promotes inflammation as osteoclasts become predominant.

Therefore, improving

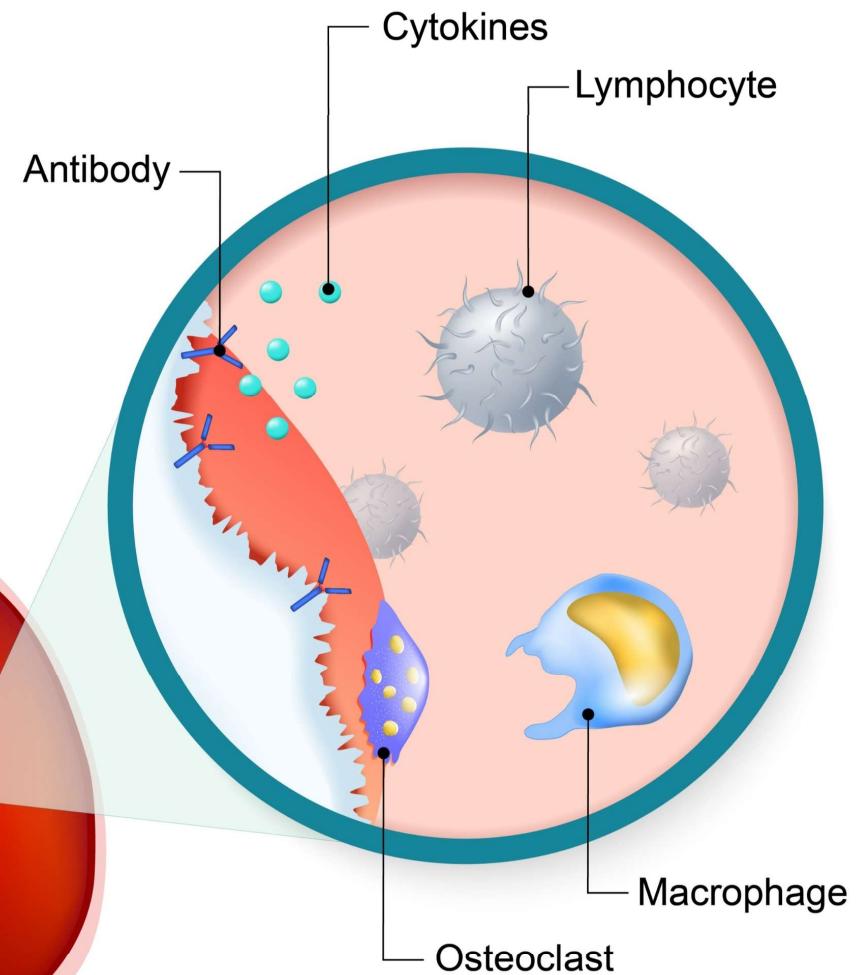
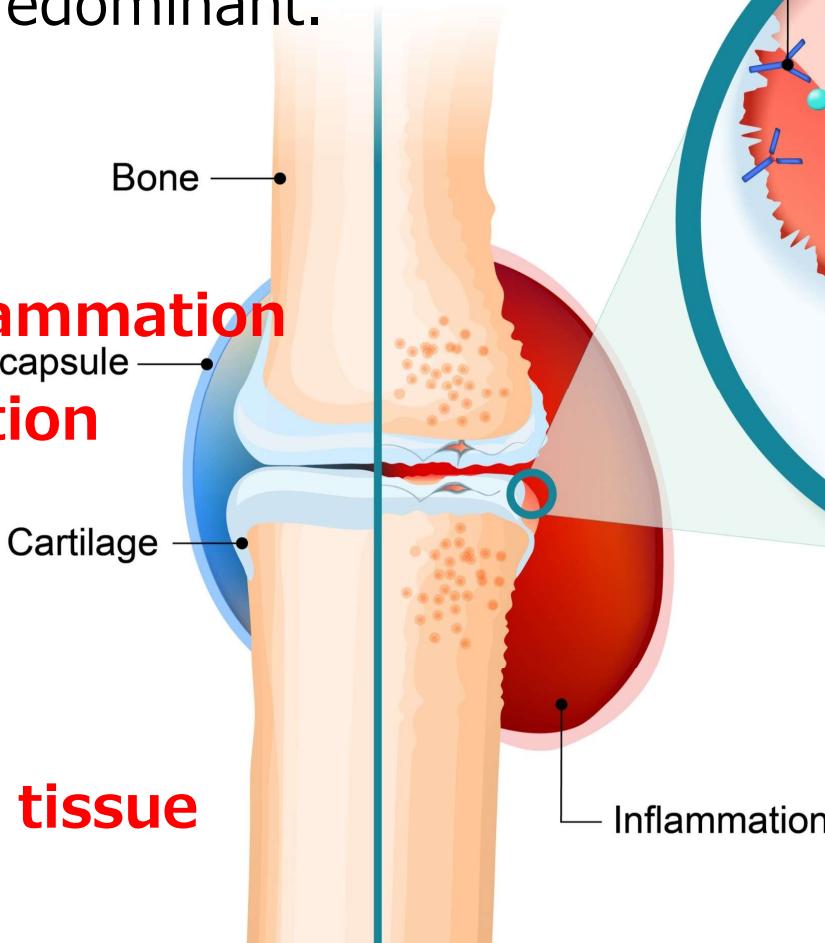
This In order to,

**(1) Inhibition of inflammation**

**(2) Tissue regeneration**

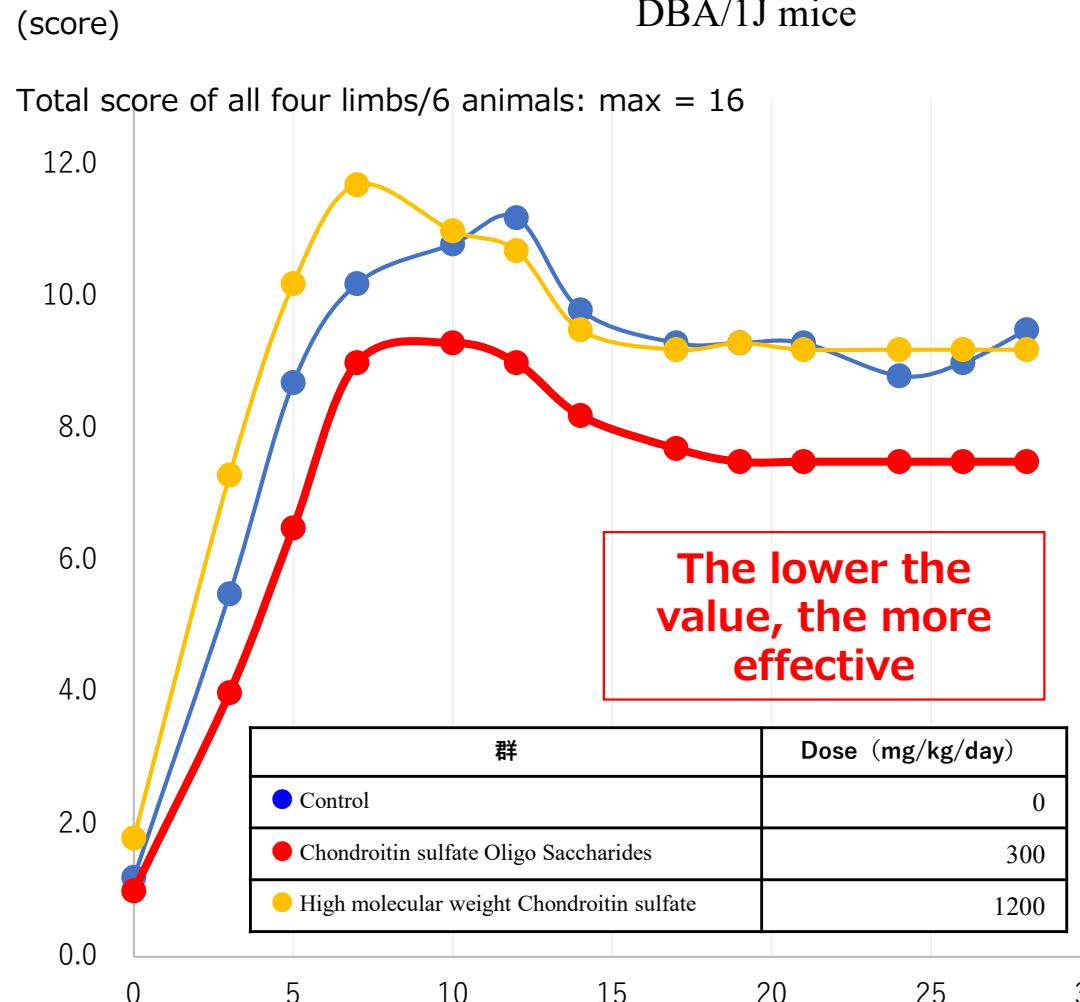
is required.

**Normal cartilage tissue**



**Inflamed cartilage tissue**

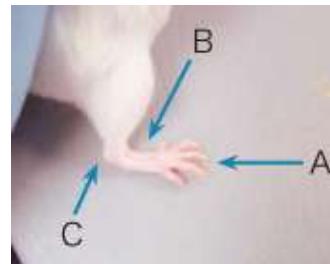
The arthritic score of paws after chondroitin sulfate origosaccharide on DBA/1J mice



Chondroitin sulfate oligosaccharides enter the bloodstream via oral administration and act directly on tissues throughout the body.

Using autoimmune disease-induced mice, six mice in each group were administered chondroitin sulfate oligosaccharides and high molecular chondroitin sulfate for 28 days, and the degree of arthritis was compared and evaluated.

**Score 0**  
In any of the joints  
If no inflammation is observed

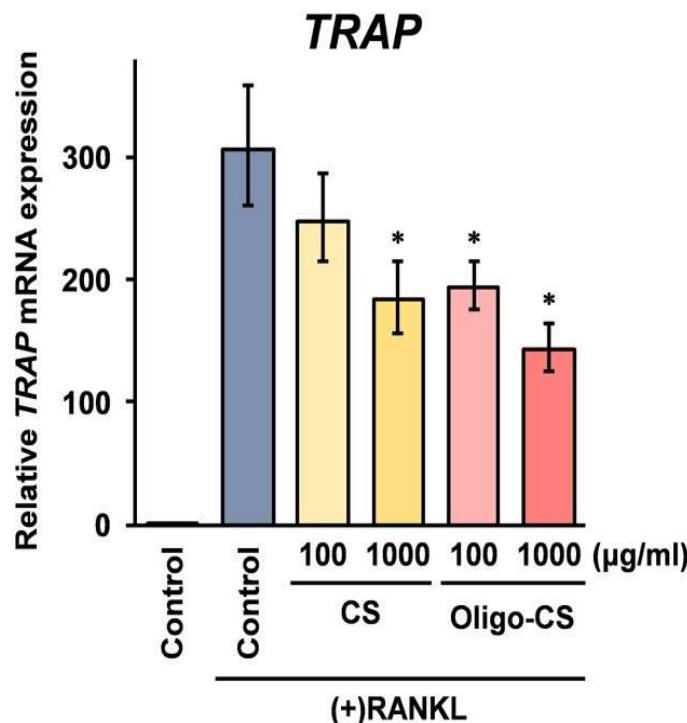


**Score 4**  
Maximum erythema and swelling throughout one limb

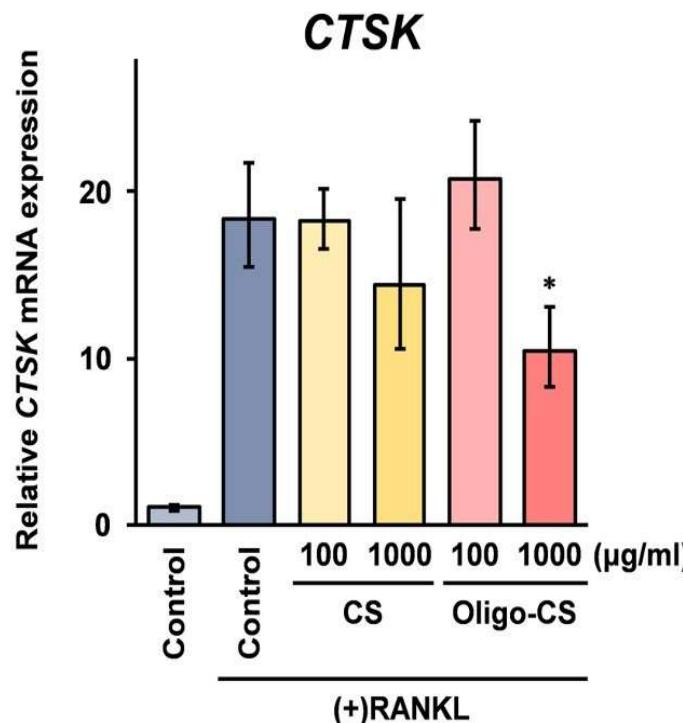


**Chondroitin sulfate oligosaccharides compared to high molecular weight chondroitin sulfate, Excellent arthritis suppression was observed.**

A



B



C

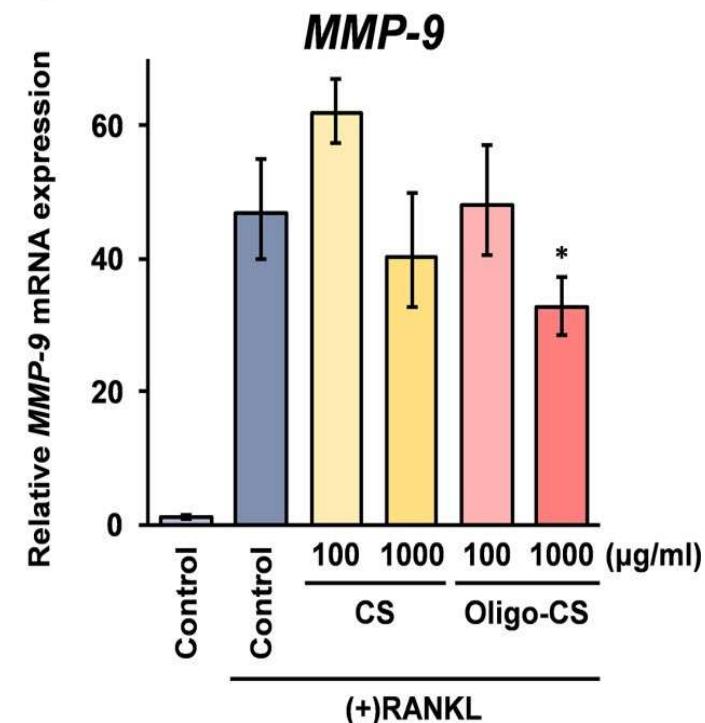
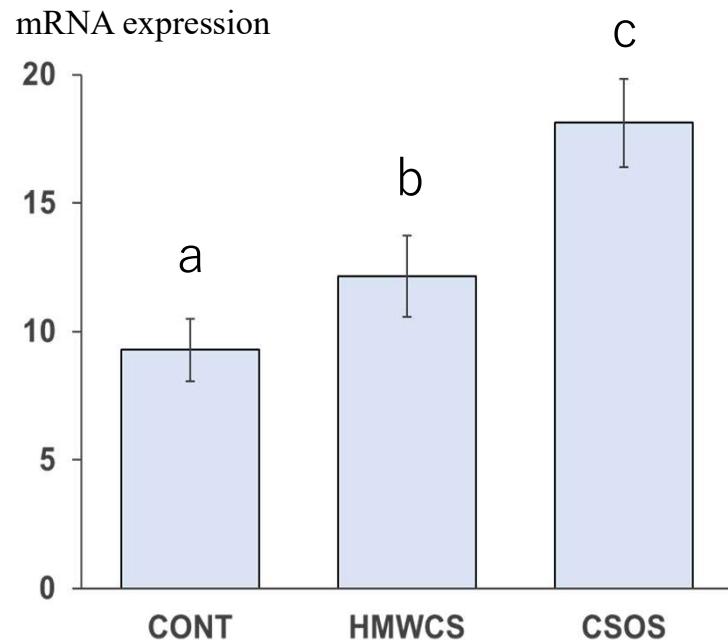


Fig 3. Effects of Oligo-CS treatment on TRAP, CTSK, and MMP-1 mRNA expression in osteoclast differentiating RAW264 cells. RAW264 cells were stimulated with sRANKL to differentiate osteoclasts together with indicated concentrations of CS or Oligo-CS for 5 days. The total RNA isolated from the cells was subjected to real-time RT-PCR analysis using the respective specific primer set for TRAP, CTSK, and MMP-9 mRNA. The data indicate the relative expressions compared with untreated control cells without sRANKL stimulation after normalization with the GAPDH mRNA expression. Error bars indicate the standard deviations ( $n = 3$ ). Asterisks (\*:  $p < 0.05$ ) indicate that the difference is statistically significantly lower than the sRANKL stimulated control.

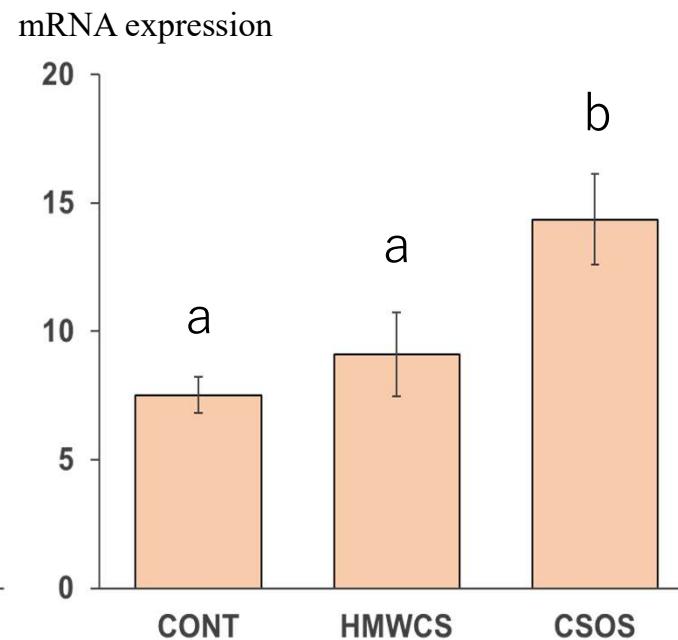
Citation: Uchiyama et al., Effects of chondroitin sulfate oligosaccharides on osteoclast differentiation of RAW264 cells, and myotube differentiation of C2C12 cells. *PLoS ONE* 18(4): e0284343. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0284343>

**Chondroitin sulfate oligosaccharides prevents RAW264 cells from differentiating into osteoclasts. inhibits proteolytic enzymatic damage to tissues.**

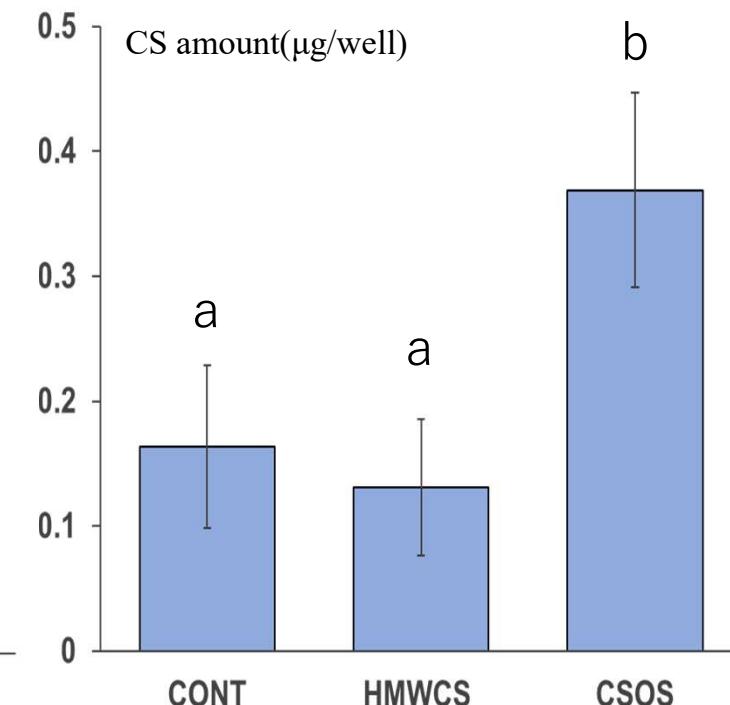
**Effects of chondroitin sulfate oligosaccharides on gene expression and sugar chain synthesis in ATDC5 cells**



**Aggrecan gene (Acan)**



**Type II collagen gene (Col2A1)**



**Chondroitin sulfate production**

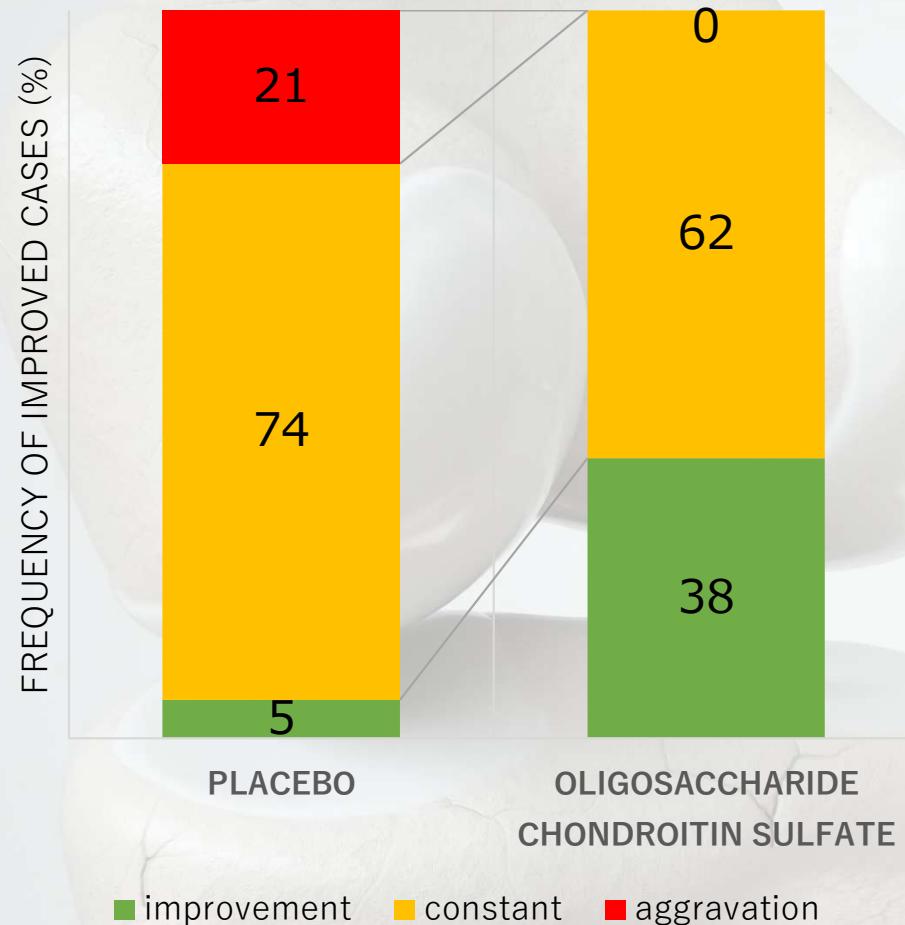
Dalphabets indicate significant differences in the Tukey test  
( $p<0.05$  different)

**Chondroitin sulfate oligosaccharides enhance aggrecan and type II collagen gene expression in chondrocytes and increase chondroitin sulfate production**

## Human trials

# Placebo-controlled, double-blind, parallel-group study of chondroitin sulfate oligosaccharides for improvement of knee joint function

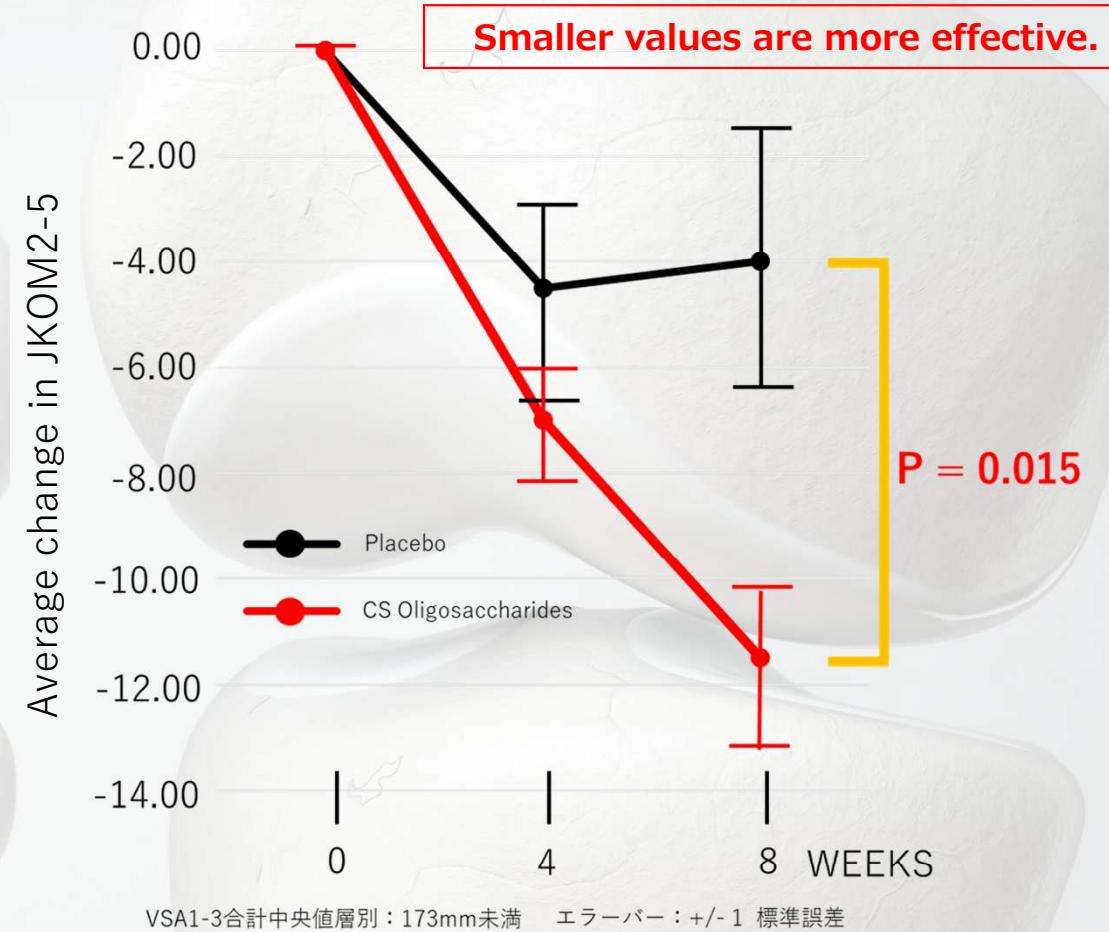
Daily Oral Chondroitin Sulfate Oligosaccharides for Knee Joint Pain in Healthy Subjects: A Randomized, Blinded, Placebo-Controlled Study , Mie Nishimura, et al, *The Open Nutrition Journal*, 2018, 12, 10-20



The chondroitin sulfate oligosaccharide group showed significantly improved rise test results compared to the placebo group. (after 8 weeks of administration)  $P=0.024$

### A: Stand-up test

**Chondroitin sulfate oligosaccharides improve locomotive syndrome**



Chondroitin sulfate oligosaccharide significantly improved symptoms in the group with poor VAS score (relatively poor knee joint condition) compared to the placebo group.

### B : JKOM Score

## CONTACT US

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